





# Most Appropriate Accessions - introduction

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## Content of presentation **Zegis**



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# AEGIS and the European Collection – i.e. the context



- For AEGIS the so-called European Collection is the major output; the following are the key elements:
- Process to identify accessions agreed (using so-called selection requirements and criteria)
- European Accessions need to comply with all requirements!
- Selection criteria to identify MAAs have been discussed for the model crops, are crop specific and provide guidance to select most appropriate accessions among set of (quasi) duplicates
- Important role of countries and of WGs in process
- Some experience with model crops gained
- Non-availability of adequate information could be a bottleneck in process

### **Current status**



- Main players are countries and Crop Working Groups
- Identification process has been applied by all model crops
- There are no definite procedures fixed
- Selection requirements have been approved by the Steering Committee
- The selection criteria have been discussed by the model crop groups, without much divergence of opinion
- As foreseen in the process a WG agreement for each crop or crop group will be required
- Some additional selection criteria are suggested as a guide to countries when selecting MAAs

## Selection requirements %

- Selection requirements for identification of European Accessions agreed by SC during its 11<sup>th</sup> Meeting:
  - Material under the management and control of the governments of member countries and their associate members, in the public domain and offered by the associate members for inclusion into AEGIS
  - 2. Genetically unique within AEGIS, to the best available knowledge (i.e. genetically distinct accessions; assessment based on available data and/or on the recorded history of the accession)
  - Plant genetic resources for food and agriculture as defined in the International Treaty as well as medicinal and ornamental species
  - European origin or introduced germplasm that is of actual or potential importance to Europe (for breeding, research, education or for historical and cultural reasons).

## **Selection criteria - 1**



- A. Agreed by **each WG** for their specific crop(s)
- B. Not fully discriminative
- C. Used when deciding which accession to accept among two or more "quasi duplicate" or similar accessions;
- D. WGs to decide if any of these considerations has prevalence over the others, or that the selection should be the result of a combination of two or more secondary criteria

## Selection criteria - 2



- 1. Maintained in "country of origin"
- A known origin (collected and/or bred; pedigree data!?)
- 3. Comprehensiveness of passport information
- 4. Number of regeneration/multiplication cycles (Do we know?)
- 5. Health status (i.e. is the germplasm disease free?)
- 6. Existence of morphological/molecular characterization data

## Selection criteria - 3



- 7. Existence of (agronomical) evaluation data
- 8. Validated accession name (particularly relevant for perennial clonal crops where the same name can be attributed to different accessions; history of individual accessions is important; special attention to be paid to synonyms and homonyms)
- 9. Adequate management procedures followed?

# "Additional" selection criteria - 1



#### Discussed during Cereals Network meeting:

- Accessions that have been collected or bred in the country where they are being conserved in one of its genebanks
- 2. Accessions of the crop genepool in question that are crop wild relatives
- Germplasm accessions that are traditional varieties and/or landraces
- Germplasm accessions that represent old and/or obsolete varieties

# "Additional" selection criteria - 2



- 5. Modern varieties, bred with conventional methods
- 6. Accessions that are breeding lines
- 7. Genetic stocks of the crop genepool in question
- Accessions that consist of research material like mapping populations, mutants, etc. – if different from 7 above

# Summary of the MAAs identification process



- To develop crop specific selection criteria for identification of the Most Appropriate Accessions (MAAs) and develop/agree process of identifying MAAs.
- 2. Selection of "candidate" accessions at the National level, using the selection requirements, selection criteria and the agreed "process".
- 3. Analyse the list of all candidate accessions of a given crop proposed by countries to arrive at list of MAA per crop to be included in the European Collection.

# Summary of the MAA identification process



4. Inform National Coordinators for **flagging these European Accessions** in EURISCO

 To facilitate identification of MAAs it is foreseen in EUROGENEBANK Project to:

Develop an "European Accession Selector", a web-based IT interface to EURISCO for the selection and designation process of European Accessions per crop, both on the national and European level.

## Proposed follow-up action



- 1. Proceed with identification of selection criteria
- Strive to ensure that missing data are provided to EURISCO
- 3. Respective WGs to "adopt" the process of identifying MAAs at national level for a given crop or crop group
- 4. Assist countries (and their institutions) to make the various "offers" of candidate accessions
- 5. Develop crop (genepool) specific list of MAAs on the basis of the offered accessions (using the selection criteria), incl. any additional accessions as suggestions
- 6. Establish the European Collection for a given crop genepool and inform National Coordinators
- 7. When QMS and technical/operational standards are defined a potential last and future step to "certify" European Accessions may be needed

## An additional point



- As a possible additional future step and based on the
  - a. Agreed minimum technical and operational standards,
  - b. The established quality management system, including
  - c. the process to derive at "certified European Accessions"
  - the respective Working Group might agree on (certified) European Accessions that meet all these requirements
- However, the potential certification approach (of accessions, genebanks, genebank operations, ??) needs further discussion by the Steering Committee

# Steps ahead in making AEGIS operational



#### Proposed responsibilities of Crop WGs:

- 1. Establish criteria for Most Appropriate Accessions
- 2. Establish draft list of European Accessions
- 3. Oversee process to identify European Accessions that will form the European Collection, incl. sharing information on identified accessions with respective National Coordinators as suggestions for "designation"
- 4. Draft and agree on crop specific technical standards and assess applicability of generic management standards
- 5. Prepare/coordinate implementation of conservation action plan
- 6. Improve data quality and coverage of European accessions
- 7. Survey institutes (i.e. capacities and availability)



# Thank you for your attention!