

European Cooperative Programme for Plant Genetic Resources ECPGR

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What is ECPGR

ECPGR is a collaborative Programme among most European countries, aiming at ensuring the long-term conservation and facilitating the utilization of plant genetic resources in Europe

www.ecpgr.cgiar.org

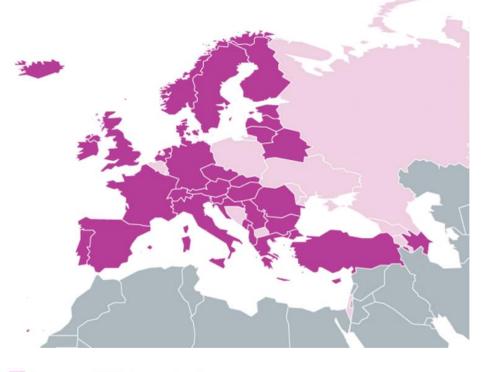


Governance and funding

Nine Phases (1980-2018)

Member countries:

- Govern the programme through National Coordinators nominated at government level
- Contribute funds based on
 UN scale of assessment
 Annual budget around € 520 000 from 38 countries
- Implement activities as inputs-in-kind





Structure

Steering Committee Coordinating Secretariat

Crop Working Groups -

Thematic Working Groups -

- Allium
- Avena
- Barley
- Beta
- Brassica
- Cucurbits
- Fibre Crops (Flax and Hemp)
- Forages
- Grain Legumes

- Leafy Vegetables
- Malus/Pyrus
- Medicinal and Aromatic Plants
- Potato
- Prunus
- Solanaceae
- Umbellifer Crops
- Vitis
- Wheat

- Wild Species Conservation in Genetic Reserves
- On-farm Conservation and Management
 Documentation and Information

Executive Committee



ECPGR operates through Working Groups

- Chair nominated by Executive Committee + Working Group members nominated by National Coordinators
- Operation through small activities (€ 15 000 each), funded through ECPGR Grant Scheme

Traditional activities:

- Exchange of information and planning collaboration
- Agreement on standards, guidelines, descriptors
- Setting up databases and exchanging data
- International project preparation
- Training, capacity building



Approximate breakdown of annual budget Phase IX (about € 520 000)

ITEMS	%
Staff costs	31.8 %
Working group activities	30.5 %
EURISCO management	15.5 %
Steering Committee, ExCo and travel	5.5 %
Facilities	3.1 %
Average overheads	13 %



ECPGR long-term goal

National, Sub-regional and Regional Programmes in Europe rationally and effectively conserve ex situ and in situ PGRFA and increase their utilization



Objectives of ECPGR Phase IX (2014 – 2018)

- AEGIS is operational and accessions are characterized and evaluated
- 2. Functionality of **EURISCO** ensured (data quality & quantity + in situ data)
- 3. *In situ* and on-farm conservation and management of priority crop wild relative and landrace populations are implemented throughout Europe
- 4. Relations with users of germplasm are strengthened
- 5. Commitment and regular resources from donors are increased
- 6. Secretariat support is adequate to sustain operations of ECPGR



1. Ex situ conservation

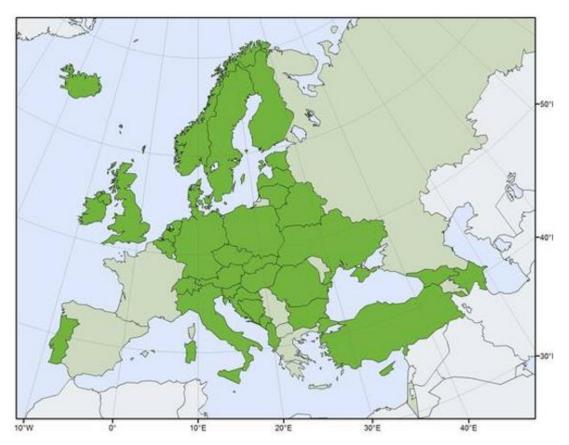
A European Genebank Integrated System AEGIS



- Establishment of decentralized European Collection of unique and important accessions
- Memorandum of Understanding whereby countries commit to long-term conservation and management of European Accessions and to their availability
- Availability through SMTA, including non-Annex I material
- Quality System: agreed standards, reporting, monitoring & capacity building
- Role of Working Groups for the management of decentralized collection



AEGIS membership



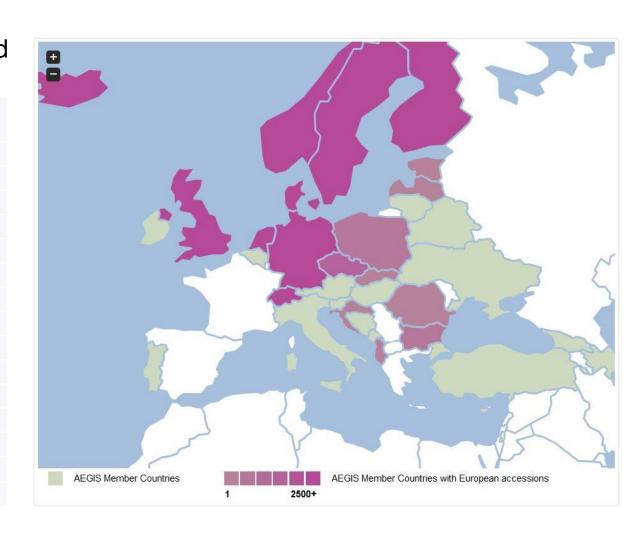
- 34 Member countries
- 61 Associate Members' Agreements



The European Collection

32 791 accessions included in the European Collection

Country		No of accessions
Albania		8
Bulgaria		261
Croatia		90
Czech Republio		1285
Estonia		89
Germany		14193
Latvia		21
Netherlands		5853
Nordic Countri	es	3708
Poland		303
Romania		194
Slovakia		299
Switzerland		4838
United Kingdor	m	1659
Total		32 791





2. Documentation

Online catalogue

with information on the European *ex situ* collections: passport and soon characterization and evaluation data

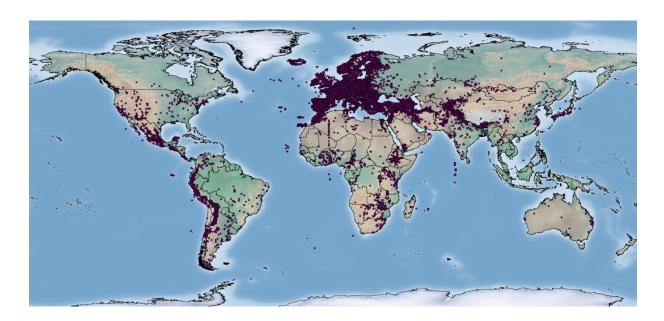






Online catalogue of accessions in European genebanks: EURISCO

- Data gathered from 43 national inventories
- 1.96M accession data from 377 institutions throughout Europe
- Largest PGR data provider at the accession level
- Register for the Multilateral System (413k) and AEGIS (32.8k)
 European accessions





3. Conservation of crop wild relatives

- National and regional conservation strategy planning (checklists -> priorities -> inventories -> action plans)
- Designation and management of Most Appropriate Wild Populations (genetic diversity and traits of interest) in genetic reserves



Nigel Maxted, Alvina Avagyan, Lothar Frese, José Iriondo, Joana Magos Brehm, Alon Singer and Shelagh Kell

Endorsed by the ECPGR Steering Committee in March 2015





4. On farm conservation and management

- European Inventory of on-farm genetic diversity
- Developing indicators for monitoring diversity and threat
- Promoting good practices for on-farm management
- Concept of European agro-diversity sites
- Addressing issues of ownership, access, availability, marketing, etc.



ECPGR Concept for on-farm conservation and management of plant genetic resources for food and agriculture

Endorsed by the ECPGR Steering Committee in January 2017





5. Relations with users

- Aim to improve partnerships between genebanks and users
- Initiative to establish a European Evaluation Network – preparatory phase (Private Public Partnerships)



Conclusion ECPGR comparative advantage

- ECPGR is a pan-European platform contributing to the implementation of the Global Plan of Action and in line with the FAO International Treaty on PGRFA
- With governmental leadership and funding, ECPGR enables:
 - Formalized cooperation across more than 40 countries
 - Network of technical expertise (21 Working Groups)
 - Regional documentation infrastructure (EURISCO)
 - Regional conservation infrastructure (AEGIS)
 - Concepts and strategies (in situ CWR and on-farm landraces)



Opportunities to join forces

- Following the conclusion of EU preparatory action (June 2016), crop, animal and forest genetic resources networks joined forces to solicit the EC:
 - Jointly signed letter sent in Nov 2016 to encourage the EC to capitalize on the expertise of the existing genetic resources networks and offering a close collaboration between the EC and the above-mentioned networks and their programmes for the development of a "EU Agrobiodiversity Strategy"
 - A second letter sent on 31 Dec 2016 to the attention of DG-AGRI, Research and Innovation, suggesting research topics for the Work Programme 2018-2020 of Horizon 2020
- Expected Call SFS-27-2018 to be launched in Oct/Nov 2017:
 Joining Forces for GenRes and biodiversity management
 - The three GR Network's Secretariats have agreed to submit a joint proposal. Expected budget: €3M to be equally split among these GR Networks



Jointly identified research topics

- 1. Indicators and monitoring of agrobiodiversity: concepts and establishment of a baseline
- 2. Characterization and evaluation of GRFA and rationalization of their conservation
- 3. Systematic investigation and documentation of genetic resources specific knowledge
- 4. Investigation of the relationship between GRFA and ecosystem services provided by agro- and forest-ecosystems
- 5. Socio-economic potential of GRFA
- 6. Awareness raising for GRFA at consumer level